## **Practice Exam questions**

The People's Health exam is split into 4 sections:

**Question 1** – three one mark questions – give one example...Name one...Name the... What was...?

<u>Question 2</u> – Nine mark question – will always begin "Write a clear and organised summary that analyses..."

<u>Questions 3</u> – Ten mark question – an explanation question which will start with Why ... Why did... What caused ... What was the impact ...

<u>Question 4</u> – eighteen mark question (you have a choice of two) - making a judgement "How far so you agree with the statement..."

## 1. Examples of 1 markers

Give **one** example of the way in which waste was disposed of in towns in the Middle Ages. Name **one** way in which food could be harmful to people in the Middle Ages.

Name **one** way that people in towns obtained drinking water in the middle ages.

Give **one** example of how some towns tried to improve living conditions by the end of the middle ages.

Name **one** aspect of living in the countryside during the middle ages which was harmful to people's health.

2. Write a clear and organised summary that analyses people's living conditions the Industrial period. Support your summary with examples.

[9 marks]

- 2. Write a clear and organised summary that analyses people's responses to the GreatPlague epidemic. Support your summary with examples. [9 marks]
- 2. Write a clear and organised summary that analyses people's living conditions the Modern era. Support your summary with examples.

[9 marks]

3. Why were there attempts to improve public health in towns in the 1800-1900s?

[10 marks]

4. 'Medieval towns were always dirty and unhealthy places.' How far do you agree with this statement?

[18 marks]

4. 'Responses to epidemics were only effective after 1900.' How far do you agree with this statement in relation to Britain between 1250 and the present day? Give reasons for your answer.

(18 marks)

4. 'Beliefs, attitudes and values have been the most important factor in improving public health in Britain from 1250-1900.' How far do you agree with this statement? (18 marks)